

LICKING VALLEY COURIER.

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WHOLE NUMBER 160

HOME COURSE IN SCIENTIFIC AGRICULTURE

FOURTEENTH ARTICLE. COMMERCIAL FER- TILIZERS.

By EDWARD B. VOORHEES, Late Director
of the New Jersey Agricultural
Experiment Stations.

THERE is perhaps no question of greater importance to the practical farmer than that of soil fertility. To produce profitable crops and at the same time to maintain and even to increase the productive capacity of the soil may rightly be termed "good farming." Many farmers are able to do this, and the knowledge of how to do it has been largely acquired through years of experience, during which the character of the soil, its adaptability for crops and the methods of its management and manuring have been made subjects of careful study, without, however, any definite and accurate knowledge concerning manures and their functions in relation to soils and crops. Experience is an excellent teacher. Still a definite knowledge of the fundamental principles may be substituted for years of experience in the successful use of manures.

The fertility of the soil would remain practically unchanged if all the ingredients removed in the various farm products were restored to the land. This is to a large extent accomplished by feeding the crops grown on the farm to animals, carefully saving the manure and returning it to the soil, and where it is practicable to pursue a system of stock feeding in which the products of the farm which are comparatively poor in fertilizing constituents are exchanged in the market for feeding stuffs of high fertilizing value the loss of soil fertility may be reduced to a minimum, or there may be an actual gain in fertility.

A careful study of the present condition of farming in the United States indicates, however, that as a rule the manure produced on the farm is not sufficient to maintain its fertility and that the need for artificial supplies is real, though the amount required may be considerably reduced by careful management.

In the system of so-called "grain farming," which has obtained over large areas of this country for a long time and is still practiced, the live stock is often limited to a number sufficient only to the needs of the farm for labor and food. The grain is sold, and the manure is made up chiefly of the natural wastes or unsuitable material, such as straw, stalks, etc. The grain contains proportionately greater amounts of nitrogen and mineral constituents than these wastes. Hence the practice continued for a long time results not only in a deficiency in the soil of organic substances containing nitrogen, but also in an exhaustion of the mineral substances. The original character of the soil and its treatment measure the rate of exhaustion. The less fertile soils of the east and south are rapidly depleted, while the rich prairies and river bottoms maintain their fertility for a longer period.

The continuous cotton and tobacco growing of the south and the wheat growing of the west are even more exhaustive, since here the demands upon the soil are not changed. Year after year the same crop is grown, and the same kind and proportion of constituents are required. While even slight returns are made in the way of manuring in the system of farming just described. Under such conditions the decomposition of the organic matter in the soil is accompanied by proportionately greater losses of nitrogen. Moreover, the land is left bare for a large part of the year, and its fertility is thereby still further decreased. The crops become less abundant each year, not because the soil is entirely exhausted, but because it is so far exhausted of those constituents essential to the special crop grown, that its production is no longer profitable.

Changed conditions of farming, which have an important bearing on this point, are, first, increased cost of labor and lower prices of many of the products of one crop farming, and, second, an increasing demand for market garden products and fruit. For example, in growing wheat, the labor of preparing the soil, of sowing and of harvesting is practically the same, whether the yield is ten bushels per acre or thirty bushels, and the same is true of a number of other crops; hence in case of the larger yield the cost of labor per bushel is materially reduced. Market crops of a relatively low value cannot be produced profitably with high priced labor. Soils of a high degree of fertility are required in order to produce large yields of these crops. The return to the soil of only the wastes of the farm tends sooner or later to a decreased fertility, however good the management may be; hence the need of supplies of plant food from sources outside the farm in order that maximum crops may be produced.

It has been demonstrated in the case of market-garden crops that even very fertile soils contain too little available food to insure a maximum production. This is especially true where rapidity of growth, earliness and high quality

of produce are important factors. The areas now necessarily devoted to these crops are so great that the amount of farm manures available is much too small. Besides, the constituents contained in such manures, being in part but slowly available, are less useful than the more active forms contained in commercial fertilizing materials. Market garden crops are in a sense artificial crops and, as a rule, need artificial supplies of plant food.

Fruit culture, an industry of growing importance, is profitable, particularly on the poorer soils near the eastern markets, largely in proportion to the amounts of the mineral elements applied in excess of those contained in soils otherwise well adapted to the crops. A proper supply of food not only enables the trees to resist unfavorable conditions, but improves the quality of the fruit and prolongs the bearing period of the orchards and vineyards.

It will be thus seen that commercial fertilizers can be used most advantageously either in re-enforcing farm manures in general or in providing a generous supply of quickly available plant food in specialized, intensive farming. It should be the aim in applying such fertilizers to supplement rather than to replace entirely the manurial resources of the farm, for the best results from their application may be secured only on soils well stocked with organic matter (humus), a material that can be maintained in the soil only by the systematic application of the bulky barnyard or green manures.

Nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash are the constituents most likely to be deficient in soils or most quickly exhausted by the production and removal of crops. They are known as "essential" fertilizing constituents, and the value of a commercial fertilizer is determined almost exclusively by the amount and form of the nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash which it contains. It does not follow, however, that all soils or crops will respond equally to applications of materials containing these elements, for the needs of soils and the requirements of crops vary.

Soils differ as to their needs for specific fertility elements, owing either to their method of formation or to their management and cropping. A sandy soil is usually deficient in all the essential plant food constituents—nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash—while a clayey soil usually contains the mineral elements in abundance, particularly potash. On the other hand, a soil very rich in vegetable matter is frequently deficient in mineral matter, while a limestone soil is likely to contain considerable proportions of phosphoric acid.

These are the indications in a general way, and they explain why it is that different kinds of soil that have not been cropped differ as to their need of the different fertilizing constituents. Methods of management and cropping also exert an influence. For example, soils of equal natural fertility may not respond equally to uniform methods of fertilization, because in the one case a single crop requiring for its growth proportionately more of one of the essential elements than of another is grown year after year, and it may be that the element required is the one that exists in the soil in least quantity.

On the other hand, crops may be grown that demand but minimum amounts of the element in question. Summarizing the conclusions of science and practical experience in regard to the use of commercial fertilizers, it may be said:

First.—Commercial fertilizers are mainly valuable because they furnish the elements—nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash—which serve as food, not as stimulants.

Second.—The kind of farming in the past and the demands for special products in the present make their use necessary in profitable farming.

Third.—In order to use them profitably the farmer should know—

(a) That nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash are the essential constituents.

(b) That the agricultural value of these constituents depends largely upon their chemical form.

(c) That these forms are contained in specific products of a well defined character and composition and may be purchased as such from dealers and manufacturers and may be mixed successfully on the farm.

Fourth.—The agricultural value of a fertilizer bears no strict relation to the commercial value. The one is determined by soil, crop and climatic conditions, the other by market and trade conditions only.

Fifth.—The variations in the composition and value of manufactured fertilizers which contain the three essential constituents are due to variations in the character and in the proportion of the materials used.

Sixth.—The ton basis alone is not a safe guide in the purchase of these commercial fertilizers. Low ton prices mean either low content of good forms of plant food or the use of poorer forms. Fertilizers, high grade both in quality and quantity of plant food, cannot be purchased at a low price per ton.

Seventh.—The best fertilizers cannot exert their full effect on soils that are too dry or too wet, too compact or too porous. They can furnish but one of the conditions of fertility.

Eighth.—The kind and amount to use should be determined by the value of the crop grown and its power of acquiring food.

Ninth.—A definite system or plan should be adopted in the use of fertilizers. "Hit or miss" methods are seldom satisfactory and frequently very expensive.

VARIOUS REASONS

Why the People of the District
Generally, and of Morgan
County Especially should
Support Charley
Arnett for
Senator

There are various reasons why the voters of the 34th Senatorial district ought to support Chas. D. Arnett in the coming primary. First and most important; he is qualified for the position, mentally and morally. He is honest and industrious and his business training for many years has given him a keen insight into the wants and needs of the people he would represent. He is intimately acquainted with conditions, educational and industrial, in the mountains of Eastern Kentucky. He has met and associated in a business way with men from other sections and other states who represent the best thought and the most progressive business ideas of the day, and in so doing he has absorbed the spirit of progress without which no man can creditably represent a progressive people.

Charley Arnett began life without the aid of wealth or the advantages of an early education. He worked out his early schooling by the hardest, but his courage and determination to succeed won out in the end.

He taught school for a number of years thereby equipping himself with another fund of knowledge not otherwise obtainable. He came from a democratic family and inherited his love for political warfare. He brings into his race, not only his own experience but the political experience gained by his forbears for generations. He fights in the open and fairly. He would take to the Senate chamber the same honesty, integrity and industry that characterize his daily business life. Being able to represent the people of his district as able and creditably as his opponent, Mr. Hogg, who has served one term as Senator, the people of Magoffin and Wolfe counties, especially, ought to give him the greatest majority ever rolled up in a democratic primary. (Adv)

Just in The Mountains.

(By W. P. Walton.)

In April, 1917, an insurance agent, with headquarters at London, Ky., sued half a dozen daily newspapers for publishing a story that he had been shot and killed at Salsersville, a mountain town, by an irate father who objected to his going with his daughter, as he was a married man. The communication proved to be a forgery, and investigation showed that no such man as the one who it was said to have killed the insurance man ever lived in that town. The letter was signed by the regular and accredited correspondent of the papers and on their printed stationery, but the correspondent swore that he did not send it and knew nothing about it. Correction was promptly made when these facts were ascertained. It was charged by some that the plaintiff himself sent the item for the purpose of getting a chance to mulct the newspapers, but it could not be proven and was not plead in the only case that went to trial. The plaintiff claimed it was sent by a rival insurance agent for the purpose of injuring him.

In a short time after the publication suits aggregating \$150,000 were instituted in the London Circuit Court against six papers, including the State Journal at Frankfort, then owned by the writer. The other papers figured the cost of defending a suit so far away, and compromised in suits ranging from \$100 to \$250, although they realized they were the victims of a hold-up.

Acting on the principle enunciated in the long ago "Millions for defense, but not a cent for tribute," we decided to test the

question whether a mountain jury would countenance such an effort to force money from those who acted in good faith had never heard of the plaintiff and could possibly have no malice against him. As a matter of fact, it was shown that the man had not been injured, but in a letter to the insurance company had claimed that he was greatly advertised and helped in his business by the publications.

After many continuances the case against the State Journal was finally called last Tuesday and a jury secured. Circuit Judge Lewis, who presided in the case, showed a very fair and most accommodating spirit, and at our request, in order to hurry through the trial, he held a night session Tuesday nearly until the hour when churchyards are supposed to yawn.

The case was most sublimely prosecuted and ably defended, and owing to apparent efforts to prolong it, it dragged its weary length along for days and nights. Since the filing of the suit the plaintiff claimed to have discovered that he was more damaged than he at first supposed and added \$10,000 to the \$25,000 claim against the State Journal. This Judge Lewis cut out, and an additional \$10,000, in his instructions to the jury, and said that in no case should the verdict exceed \$15,000. The State Journal was represented by Hazelwood & Johnson, who made a strong and satisfactory defence, and Mr. E. H. Johnson's speech to the jury was one of the best, as in parts it was as eloquent, as any we have ever heard. The other side labored hard, with poor arguments and the end came Tuesday evening when after a few minutes consultation the jury returned a verdict in favor of the newspaper.

In this connection we want to say that the average mountain man has a fine sense of justice and a repugnance to seeing a man robbed by legal or other methods and will not countenance it by his verdict. He may not pay as much attention to his personal appearance as the jurors in this part of the state, but his sunburned face indicates honesty, noble purpose, and a desire to do right as he sees it. We, who had had some experience in the mountains, recognized this all the time and were not afraid to submit our interests to their hands. At any rate, we will never permit ourselves to be mulcted when so honest a yeomanry stands ready to prevent it as inhabit the mountains of Kentucky.

Expression of our thanks is due to the court and its officers for most respectful treatment, and to the judge for his most kindly consideration. The latter labored under the disadvantage of having to break in an inexperienced stenographer, the regular one being sick, and the questions and answers had to be repeated sometimes more than once, greatly delaying the proceedings. The young lady did the best she could, however. Angels could do no more.

While it cost us more to defend the suit than it did those papers that compromised, we are glad that we fought to a finish and are proud to add our testimony that mountaineers are usually as honest as they are free; that appearance and looks count for little, and that a man is a man for a' that, and a' that.

The International Opium Congress, with representatives from all but two nations, will meet at the Hague Tuesday with a purpose to draw a convention crushing international traffic in noxious and habit-forming drugs.

Erie, Pa., is making ready to celebrate the anniversary of 100 years of peace between the United States and Great Britain by a programme of exercises which will begin next Sunday and close the following Saturday.

An Omission

Because one of the things that are liable to happen in the best regulated print shops occurred last week we failed to make mention of the speaking by the Senatorial candidates in the court room on Monday, the first day of Circuit Court. Senator Hogg, of Booneville, had sent an appointment to speak here on that day and invited his opponent, Mr. Arnett, to be present and accept a division of time. Mr. Hogg made an able speech defending record and telling the people why he ought to be returned to the Senate. Mr. Arnett replied in a short speech which, while he has not had the experience of Senator Hogg, showed that he is a speaker of no mean ability. That the crowd was largely for Arnett was demonstrated by repeated applause that greeted him while he was speaking.

To the Democratic voters of Morgan county: I hereby take this method of telling you of my withdrawal from the race for county Attorney in coming primary.

I being the present Sheriff and the duties of the office are so numerous and require my care, and feeling, the greatest responsibility resting upon me, that I could not make a canvass of the county without neglect of duty. I am out of this race, with clean hands and free to vote as I please and I hereby release all my friends and they are at liberty to vote as they wish, and I further wish to thank my many friends for their hearty support and interest taken in my race while a candidate, and hope that in the future I can repay the favor and I tender my regards to all my opponents.

FRANK KENNAIRD.

Powers Not Likely to Run.

Although the race for republican nomination for Congress in the Eleventh district is more than a year off, it has been settled practically that Judge L. W. Bethurum, of Mt. Vernon, and Charles Finley, of Williamsburg, will be the opposing candidates. It is quite likely that Congressman Caleb Powers will not offer himself again as a candidate for the nomination.

The Powers faction will back Finley and the anti-Powers crowd will back Bethurum. Judge Bethurum was here today on legal business and while he declined to discuss the future race or his candidacy, his friends say that he has already built his fences, and will be the man that the Powers crowd will have to beat. — Lexington Herald.

To Fight the Fly.

So completely have houseflies been exterminated in England that screens are no longer used in windows and doors. This shows what can be done. A solution of formalin or formaldehyde in water is the best and cheapest exterminator. Put a spoonful of formalin in half a teaspoonful of water and expose it in a saucer in your room. Try it once and you will see. Burn pyrethrum powder in a room and sweep out the stupefied flies or put twenty drops of carbolic acid on a hot shovel. The vapor is deadly to the pest. Put a drachm of bichromate of potash in half a glass of water and sweeten. Expose a little of the solution in saucers. Sticky fly paper will also do the work. — Courier-Journal.

A Relic of History

A newly rich woman, who was anxious to make favorable impression in her neighborhood, decided to show her collection of antiques to the bishop when he called. The time came, and one by one she displayed the whole collection, giving him the history of each piece. "There," she said, pointing impressively to an old yellow teapot, "that was used in the Boston tea party." — Ex.

Lime-Sulphur as a Poultry- House Spray.

(By F. M. Sherman)

Several years ago, while spraying the orchard, the thought struck me, "Why not spray the chicken-house?" So when thru in the orchard we went into the yards, using the same strength solution as had been applied to the orchard. The machine forced the solution into every crack and crevice in the entire building, doing a decidedly more effective job than can possibly be obtained in any other way.

Should a bit of lime-sulphur reach Mr. Mite or his cousin, Mr. Chicken-Louse, you will not need to lose any more sleep or worry in the least as to the future depredations he will commit. Not only that, but should the solution come in contact with any larvae or nits they will never produce a live mite. So you not only clean out the present pests, but eradicate most of the crop of future trouble, at the same time disinfecting the premises thoroughly.

We usually make our solution at home, as it is not only stronger, but much cheaper. Should you wish to use a considerable amount, take five pounds of lime and shake well, add five pounds of sulphur and enough water to fill a large kettle reasonably full. We find a twenty-gallon kettle about right. Bring the solution to a boil, and keep it up for an hour or until the solution is a brownish black; to this, add enough water to make fifty gallons, and solution is ready. It is strong enough to kill any chicken pest. This is what is generally called the 5-5-50 solution.

We soon discovered, when using the sprayer, that if the solution came in direct contact with the skin it caused most disagreeable burns, much more distressing than any direct application of heat. This is avoided by thoroughly covering the hands with tallow. When we are working in the orchard for any length of time we always apply tallow to our faces also. — Farm and Fireside.

A Card to the Public

Sakary grabbers and grafters squeal when the truth is presented. For instance, W. G. Short and his secretary made a statement in the last issue of this paper that is false, but I hope not malicious. The statement made by Mr. Short that I introduced and engineered the motion to increase the salary of the county Superintendent is shown to be false by the records. This article was an attempt to cripple me in my race for County Judge. I have not the space to reply in full to all of the misstatements in that article, but the proof that one is false, and so shown by the records, shows that there was an attempt to tell the truth in the whole article, when the facts could have easily been ascertained. I refer you to the records, to T. N. Barker, Supt., H. B. Brown, ex-sheriff, Chas. Prater, J. E. Lewis, and Harlan Murphy, who were justices of the peace at the time. Mr. Sebastian will show you the records at any time.

Yours very truly,

Adv. S. S. Dennis.

Born Again.

A man had by mistake been published as dead, and called upon the editor for an apology. "Well, sir, you know this paper never takes anything back."

"That may be your policy, but, by heck, you will take this back," said the infuriated man. "I'm not dead, sir, and I won't stand for any blamed paper that's printed saying I am!"

"As I said before," calmly returned the editor, "this paper does not take back anything. If you have been misrepresented, we will put you among the births in our next issue. That ought to square it." — Exchange.

Local and Personal.

B. J. Egan, of Elam, was here last week on business.

Henry Jones, of Malone, was in town on business Friday.

Mr. M. Perry, of Blaine attended court here last week.

Mrs. Nancy Rose is visiting at Tom's Branch this week.

Ben Blankenship, of Sellers, attended court here last week.

M. L. Conley, attended court here the latter part of last week.

Holly Wilson, of near Hazel Green, was here on business this week.

Ernest Egan, of Elam, transacted business in the city last week.

Harlen McClain, of Leno, called in to see us here in town Friday.

F. M. Pavton, of Jeston, was a business caller at our office last week.

Dr. J. D. Whittaker, of Cannel City, was in town on business last week.

G. W. Henry, of Redlands, Calif. visited his brother, J. P. Henry recently.

S. S. Cassidy civil engineer, of Morehead was here last week attending court.

Attorney W. A. Young, of Morehead, attended circuit court here last week.

Lester Tuggett, who has been in Illinois for several months, has come home.

Attorney S. Monroe Nickell, of Lexington, was here last week attending court.

J. I. Holton and Ellis Johnston, of Hazel Green, were here last week attending court.

Augustus Arnett, of Salsersville, attending Circuit Court here the first of the week.

H. H. Kamey, attorney and prosecutor of Salsersville, was here on business this week.

F. C. Lacy, County Court Clerk of Magoffin county, was here on business this week.

Attorney Finley E. Fogg, of Paintsville, was here last week looking after his law practice.

Jas. Oney, of White Oak, paid the Courier office a pleasant call while in town Wednesday.

Mrs. H. C. Turner and children, of Lexington, are visiting relatives in town and country.

L. A. Lykins, of Index, candidate for sheriff, was business caller at the Courier office Friday.

Warren Johnston, of near town, left Monday for Illinois where he will spend the remainder of the summer.

W. B. White commonwealth attorney of the Montgomery-Township district, was here last week on legal business.

C. I. Testerman, of Nickell, came in while in town last week and stayed himself of one of our clubbing offers.

Mrs. Addie Walsh, who has been visiting relatives in the county for several weeks, left for her home in Columbus, O., Monday.

Max Snowden, of Cannel City, accompanied conductor on the O. & K. railroad, was here last week attending Circuit Court.

Resse Patton, of Magoffin county, was here on business this week. Mr. Potter says that Magoffin county is going wild for Charley Arnett for State Senator.

Kelly M. Nickell, wife and two children, of Clark county, are visiting his brother, Ren F. Nickell and family. Kelly called on us Monday and renewed his subscription.

C. W. Womack, who with his family is camping in the Faggett woods 2 1/2 miles above town, resting and recuperating, is reported as much improved in health and energy.

Henry Clay Cox, who attended State College at Lexington last winter, has come home for vacation. He was accompanied by Mr. R. P. Smith, of Lexington, his college chum, who will spend several weeks here.

Mrs. John H. Phipps and children, Kathleen and Robert, are visiting relatives in Lexington and Winchester. Mrs. Phipps' little granddaughter, Mammie, who has been with her grandparents for several months, left for her home in Texas Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. B. Cole and daughter, Irene, of Enid, Oklahoma, arrived Monday for a protracted visit to relatives and friends in town and county. Boyd has a lucrative position as traveling salesman for one of the leading wholesale grocery firms in the southwest and is making more than good.

Farm for Sale.

The John Oakley farm, eight miles north of West Liberty, on Painter branch, containing 135 acres, 60 or 70 acres improved land, some bottom land and some grass; two good dwellings and good outbuildings; good well and nice young orchard. Entire farm well watered; within half mile of school house which is also used for church. Price \$650.00.

Apply to COURIER office, West Liberty, Ky.

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dressed to the Editor.
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April 7, 1910, at the post-office at West
Liberty, Ky., under the Act of March
3, 1879.
H. G. COTTLE, Editor.

Who said hot?

Make it ice water, friend, if
you should win.

Everybody seems to be anxious
to "oil" themselves.

You can paint a lie white but
you can't change its odor.

Well yes, there were some can-
didates in town last week.

The COURIER's subscription list
goes considerably longer last
week.

Our straw vote is beginning to
attract attention—watch here-
after.

If everybody works but father
and father don't work it's his
own fault.

All honor to the man(?) who
wins a nomination with "Sep-
teen" deputies.

How many varieties of nerve
are there? Some men seem to
have several kinds.

The man who said politics was
hell must have been a weather
man before he got into politics.

West Liberty merchants report
business better this court than
any previous court for a number
of years.

Some candidate is going to get
defeated in the August primary,
but it would take a wise one to
name him.

If the leopard hasn't the power
to change his spots just let him
get out for a few minutes and
give "Old Sol" a chance.

The man who peddles booze is
not one half so black as the re-
probate who dynamites fish.
Anybody want to take it up?

With God and nature both do-
ing their utmost to make good
roads in Morgan county it looks
as though their efforts will be in
vain.

Chas. D. Arnett for State Sen-
ator and E. F. Cecil for Repre-
sentative each won first place on
the ballot at the drawing at
Frankfort last week.

Every thinking man is con-
vinced that President Wilson is
the biggest man in the United
States today, and he is growing
by leaps and bounds.

If A. Carnegie will turn over
a few million simoleons to the
COURIER we will take pleasure in
giving every man a free boost
who wants it. But at present
we need the money for the space.

Be it said to the credit of all
concerned we have seen less evi-
dence of the use of money and
booze in this primary than any
ever held in Morgan county since
we can remember. It may be a
little too early but heretofore
the rule has been that the ball
start rolling early. We are living
in the hope that these practices
will not be indulged in to the ex-
tent that they have heretofore
been.

Reports from a private source
are that the alleged fusion of the
republicans and progressives in
Rowan county only extends to
the would-be office seekers, and
that the rank and file of the pro-
gressives are still progressives
and refuse to be led back into
the republican fold by the office
seekers. The men who revolted
from the republican party did so
because they could not endorse
the stand-patism of the republi-
cans, and will not so easily sur-
render principle just to promote
the greed for office of a few po-
liticians.

That New York woman who
contends that forty dollars a day
alimony is not sufficient to sup-

port her and her two children
must have rather expensive
tastes. The wives of country
newspaper men manage to look
after the larder and clothing of
the half score of young editors
and editresses, and keep the
half-sections spiked on the
quarter deck of the husband's
trousers on but little more than
that amount per month. And
there is more God-like woman-
liness in the poor woman who
does her duty faithfully and
cheerfully on the modest stipend
than there is in a hundred acre
field of such parodies on woman-
hood who claim that anything
like forty dollars a day is neces-
sary for her support.

Let us see how the candidates
for county office in Morgan are
in reality on the question of clean
elections. The best evidence that
a candidate is for clean elections
is the way he conducts his cam-
paign. If none of the candidates
want anything but a free expres-
sion of the people and a fair count
of the ballot, there will be nothing
to prevent it. Keep your eyes
open and watch if you want a de-
cent election. We owe it to the
reputation of the county to see
that this primary is honestly and
fairly conducted.

A Letter of Condolence.

The following letter was re-
ceived by Mr. Kendall shortly
after the death of his wife. The
writer is a son of Pomp Kendall
and has been blind from infancy:

McAlester, Okla.,
June 13th, 1913.
Mr. W. M. Kendall,
West Liberty, Ky.,

My Dear Uncle Willmore:—

I chanced to be at my father's
home in McAlester late yester-
day afternoon when he received
a telegram from Clarence Maxey
conveying the sad announcement
that Aunt Paulina had been lost
to you. I know that you must
have felt her going as a bitter
sorrow, and my heart goes out
to you in your great bereave-
ment. You had been permitted
to journey so long together, it
seems peculiarly sad that you
were not permitted to complete
the journey hand in hand to the
end. But it is your consolation
to know that for you, too, the end
is not far away, and a few more
years at most will see your life
reunited to that of Aunt Paulina.
During these first days of your
great sorrow, my earnest prayers
and sympathetic thoughts con-
stantly center about you with the
wish that God may make his con-
soling presence very real to you,
and may give you thrilling vis-
ions of that better home where
the champion of these long years
waits to welcome you and to be
with you again.

We had an old, old preacher
with us here in the Oklahoma
Conference years ago. He had
once been a strong man and had
held important charges; but with
the creeping on of age, his
strength failed, and it began to
be hard to find a church which
wanted his pastoral services. We
sent him over to Holdenville his
last year among us; the church
did not want him, and the aged
preacher realized it. One Sun-
day afternoon, he wrote a friend
back at his old home in Missis-
sippi, and said to him "I am very
tired; I am getting homesick for
my Father's house. It seems to
me that I have so little upon
earth and so much in heaven." That
night, he read the four-
teenth chapter of John to his con-
gregation, and sank at the close
of the lesson into a chair. At
the end of the hymn which fol-
lowed, he did not rise to
preach, his head had fallen
back upon the cushion of his
chair, and when they came to ex-
amine him, his heart was still.
Now that Aunt Paulina is gone,
I am sure you will sometimes,
perhaps most times, feel that you,
like my old preacher friend, are
homesick for the Father's house.
But I trust, you can find grace to
wait with patience and hope for
the day when like him, you shall
fall peacefully to sleep, and be
born on angel's arms to the home
where our loved ones wait us.

I think so often of that last
time when I saw Grandma Ken-
dall. I was so small, you will
recollect and one morning during
her sickness, they took me to her
bed to speak to her, and she

kissed me and said, "God bless
you, my child." That was the
first time death ever came near
to me, and I was too
young to comprehend it. It
seemed cold, dark and strange;
but studying in the school of
Christ, I have come to under-
stand that for one who dies as
Grandma did, thinking and talk-
ing of God, death can have no
terrors. I am sure that Aunt
Paulina died in the same trium-
phant faith of the child of God,
and in our hearts there may be a
perfect assurance that all is well
with her. In my little book,
there is an essay, you will re-
member, on Sidney Lanier. He
died very early in years, and af-
ter he was gone a copy of Ham-
let was found in his room.

Beside the grave scene in that
great Shakespearian tragedy,
Lanier had written these signifi-
cant words, "To me the grave
scene is the most pathetic passage
in all literature. How bleak it is,
how void of comfort! But my
God! to him who understands,
death is the sweetest and dearest
of all the angels." And when we
pause to remember that it is the
touch of this angel of death which
translates our loved ones from a
life of suffering, pain, weakness,
weariness, trouble, into a life of
perfect peace and rest, are we
not bound to feel with Lanier,
that it is an angel of a precious
and beneficent mission?

I do not know what I could say
that would make you understand
how deeply I have felt the pain
of your sorrow; and I am sure I
could say nothing that would less-
en your grief. I can only repeat,
God comfort you.

I will not expect or wish you
to answer this letter. It will prob-
ably be long before you will feel
like sitting down to write. I know
the days cannot but seem lonely
to you; and my father and I have
wondered if it might not help
you to come for awhile to see us
here in Oklahoma. We live in
neighboring towns, and you could
visit us both at the same time. I
am pastor of the Southern Metho-
dist Church at Horthorne, only
fourteen miles from McAlester,
and the electric cars carry us al-
most from my door to my father's.
You would find many things here
to interest you, for it is much
different from the life in an older
state. We would be most happy
to have you with us, and would
spare no effort to make your stay
a pleasant one. Both father's
work and my own work are of a
confining character, and it will
probably be long before we could
come to see you there. For this
reason, we feel you ought to
come out here. If you can do it,
just send us at any time a tele-
gram what day to expect you,
and come, My father would enjoy
having you with him as he prob-
ably would few other things in
the world. He could arrange to
be with you most all the time,
and the talks of old times and
old friends would open long
closed and clogged channels in
both your lives. I cannot but
think the visit would help you;
so send us word you are coming.
I will try to find time to write
you more in full of ourselves and
the families before long. In the
meantime, with every affection-
ate regard, and with most earn-
est wishes for your welfare, I re-
main,

Your Affectionate Nephew,
WILMORE KENDALL.

A Card.

To the Voters of Morgan county:

Owing to the false report made
over the county that I would not
be in the race for the nomination
for Sheriff, on account of the ill-
ness of my wife, I wish to say to
the good people of this county
that I am in the race to stay. I
do not feel that the people of this
county will throw me down on
account of sickness in my family.
I want to assure my friends that
whatever private loss I may suf-
fer, not only will my name ap-
pear on the ballot in the coming
primary, but it is my firm con-
viction that the people will have
a chance to vote for me for Sher-
iff in November.

Thanking my many friends for
their loyalty, and my opponents
for their courtesy while I have
been unable to get out, I am
Gratefully yours,
L. A. LYKINS.

SUGGESTIONS BY STATE EDITORS

How Kentucky Schools May Be
Improved.

TO EXTEND TERM IN OFFICE.

Superintendent of Public Instruction
Should Have More Time to Carry
Out Reforms—Aim Should Be Edu-
cation Rather Than Instruction—Im-
portance of Electing Good Officials.

Why Not?

[From the Louisville Times.]
The awakened and more intelligent
interest in all that pertains to edu-
cation in the commonwealth suggests an
inquiry in some quarters. Why not,
they ask, so contrive as that a con-
tinuity of reform be made the more
certain by permitting a second term
to the superintendent of public instruc-
tion? Allowing for the time necessary
for him to shake down in his office and
become at home with the routine, how,
in the brief space left, may he hope to
shape and perfect plans that shall
have time to blossom and bear fruit?
Is it not essential that if those plans
meet public approval and support they
be given every widest opportunity to
prove their worth by results?

The suggestion is worth considera-
tion. There is much to be said for it
and something, no doubt, on the other
side. But, at first glance, we are free
to state that it "listens" well.

Our Slogan—"Education is an in-
vestment; ignorance is a tax."

[From the Russell Democrat.]
Herein lies the importance of edu-
cation. We should educate rather than
instruct, because it is far more im-
portant to cultivate the mind than to store
the memory, and instruction is only a
part of education. Studies are a means
and not an end.

Children are by nature eager for in-
formation. They are always putting
questions, and this ought to be encour-
aged. Their instincts may be trusted
to a great extent, and in that case they
will do much to educate themselves.

[From the Shelby Record.]

If our children are to improve at
school there are two things their par-
ents should bear in mind. There
should be a progressive, energetic
county school superintendent, and the
school trustees must take interest in
their work and do their very best to
get the best results possible in their
respective districts. There are not
two more important officers in the
county than that of superintendent
and trustee. Bear this in mind when
you are called on to elect them and
vote for those who are qualified to fill
these places.

[From the Berry Citizen.]

Physiology, hygiene and other fea-
tures pertaining to sanitation should
have a proper place upon the curricu-
lum of the school at this place and
taught regularly each week. In order
that these subjects may be properly
handled the four physicians of Berry
should be placed in charge. Each one
of them would be willing to give an
hour of his time each week to the
school as an instructor upon sanitary
or hygiene science. The mere teaching
of physiology, while it may interest
somewhat and tickle the fancy of
many of the children, does not protect
one against tuberculosis, typhoid fe-
ver and other infectious diseases.
These subjects would not be too diffi-
cult to teach, and either of our phys-
icians could make them understand-
able, interesting and valuable.

BANKERS OFFER PRIZES FOR CORN GROWING CLUBS.

Georgetown Men Will Disburse With
Calendar Advertising to Carry
Out Plan.

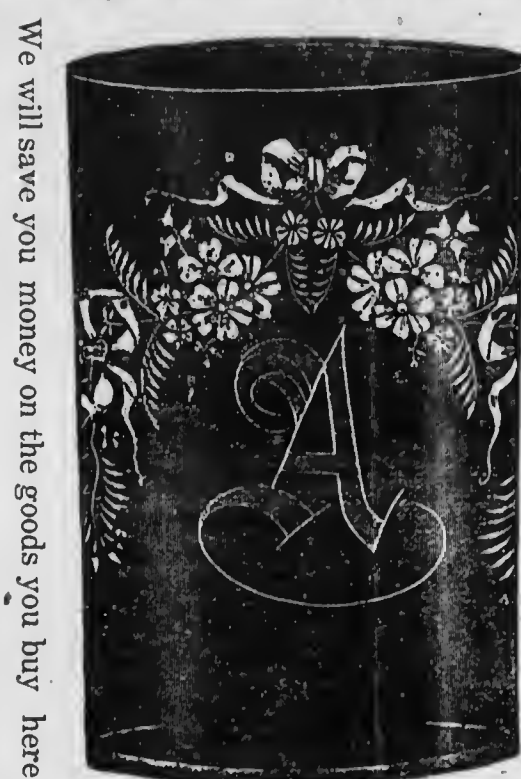
Calendar advertising will be dispen-
sed with by the bankers of Georgetown
this year, says the Louisville Herald
and the money usually spent along that
line will be given by the bankers to
prizes to the Boys' Corn Growing club
of Scott county. Commissioner of Agri-
culture Newman recently received a
communication from the bankers of
Georgetown stating that such action
had been decided upon at a meeting of
the bankers. As a result of this action
about \$200 from that source will be
given in prizes.

This seems to be a sane and sensible
thing to do. Calendar advertising
brings inadequate returns for the money
invested. The banks of this state
are spending \$30,000 or \$40,000 annu-
ally for calendars, and except in rare
cases this is a "dead" expense. It was
all right years ago when banks first
began to use this medium of advertis-
ing, but now practically every busi-
ness house in every town passes out
calendars to its customers. The mer-
chant, the miller, the butcher, the
blacksmith and others make a bid for
trade in this way. As a result the
bank's customers have more calendars
than they know what to do with and
for that reason none of them are prop-
erly appreciated. We venture the as-
sertion that the lead of the George-
town bankers will be followed by the
bankers all over the state.

THE LARGEST MAGAZINE IN THE WORLD
Today's Magazine is the largest and best
edited magazine published at 50c per year.
Five cents per copy at all newsdealers.
Every lady who appreciates a good mag-
azine should send for a free sample copy and
premium catalog. Address, TODAY'S MAG-
AZINE, Canton, Ohio.

To Cure Constipation Forever,
Take Cascara Candy Cathartic, 10c or 25c
at C. C. C. Co. to cure, druggists refund money

SPECIAL PREMIUM OFFER.



A Set of Six Beautiful, Sparkling,
Crystal Glass "Banquet Tumblers"
Full table size, Etched with
Your Own Initial and
Wreath, like illustra-
tion above
ABSOLUTELY FREE

These tumblers are not the ordinary kind; they
are the finest quality sparkling crystal lead blown
glass, fire polished and ring as clear as a bell, and
will ornament any table.
This offer is made as a special inducement for you
to increase your cash trading with us.

HERE IS THE OFFER

With every \$4.00 worth of goods you buy from us
for cash whether bought at one time or at different
times, we will give you one of these beautiful Table
Glasses. Get as many as you like, one tumbler with
every \$4.00 you trade. A complete set of these
tumblers when your cash purchases amount to \$24.00.
We will continue this offer 12 months to give ev-
erybody a chance to get a supply of these beautiful
Table Glasses.

Come in and see them and get a punch card. The sooner you begin trading the
sooner you will secure the set. Tell it to your friends. We have your initial.
Our Store is the People's Store. The Store that Gives Satisfaction.
The Store Where Your Dollars Go Farthest.

E. Henry & Sons,

Index, Ky.

Winchester Bank,

WINCHESTER, KY

Capital and Surplus \$300,000

Deposits over Half Million

Solicits Your Accounts

Correspondence Invited

N. H. WITHERSPON, PRESIDENT,
W. R. SMITH, CASHIER.

John McMann's

Hack Line

WEST LIBERTY—INDEX

Meets All Trains. Good cov-
ered and open conveyances

for public hire.

Telephone No. 10

Local and Long Distance.

JAS. M. ELAM,

Watchmaker &

Jeweler,

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry

WEST LIBERTY, KY.

Repairing promptly done.

All work guaranteed.

O. F. HENRY,

WEST LIBERTY, KENTUCKY,

REPRESENTING

HUTCHINSON STEVENSON HAT

COMPANY,

Wholesale Hatters,

Charleston, S. C. : : West Va.

YOU ORDER, SO, CITED.

Alan N. Cisco. S. Monroe Nickell

NICKELL & CISCO,

LAWYERS,

WEST LIBERTY, KY.

OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE

EVERT MATHIS,

LAWYER,

West Liberty, Ky.

Office in Court House.

COTTE & HOVERMALE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

WEST LIBERTY, KY.

W. M. GARDNER,

LAWYER,

WEST LIBERTY, KY.

Office in

Commercial Bank Building

RYLAND C. MUSICK,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

JACKSON, KY.

State and Federal practice. Commer-
cial and civil litigation carefully

handled.

J. P. HANEY,

County Attorney.

GENERAL PRACTICE,

OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE.

West Liberty, Ky.

COLLIER'S DENTAL PARLORS

Commercial Bank Building

West Liberty, Ky.

To Protect Your Pocketbook

Do Your Trading at

D. R. KEETON'S

Fancy Candies, Fruits, Fancy and

Staple Groceries of all kinds.

A Complete Line of Gents' Furnishings. All lines

up-to-date and best quality. My prices al-

ways leaves money for something else.

Courteous treatment to everybody.

Ice Cream, Ice Cream Soda, The Best Cold Drinks.

Ice For Sale at All Times.

An Invitation

You are cordially invited to come to
my store (Lykins' old stand) and trade.
I have a complete line of Groceries and
Provisions, Notions, Candies and Cakes.
My prices are the lowest. Call and see.

ICE CREAM AND COLD DRINKS

Delicious and Refreshing, served at all
times. Try my Soda Fountain Drinks.

HENRY COLE,

Main Street. Opposite Commercial Bank.

Store Department

Kentucky Block Cannel Coal Co.,

CANNEL CITY, K.

Will be pleased to supply merchants with

Flour, Salt, Oil, Mill Feed, etc.

We also handle a complete line of

General Merchandise for the Retail

Trade. Also the best Farm Wagon

to be had, and can make you

close prices.

E. RICE, Manager.

Famous Address

OF

Col. John T. Hazelrigg

DELIVERED JULY 4, 1776

Many of our older citizens will

remember hearing the justly fa-

mous Historical Address of the

eloquent Colonel Hazelrigg, and

because of the historical value of

it, to Morgan county we have

printed and bound it and offer it

for sale while they last at 25

cents a copy. Address

The COURIER,

West Liberty, Ky.

After taking Dr. Miller's Laxative

Tablets children ask for "more candy."

For Sale.

One Smith Premier No. 2
typewriter, and one Ham-
mond typewriter, nearly
new and in first-class condi-
tion. These machines must
be sold at once and they are
going cheap. Somebody is
going to get a bargain.

Apply to

COURIER Office,

West Liberty, Ky.

DR. A. P. GULLETT,

DENTIST,

West Liberty, Ky.

Rooms over D. R. Keeton's.

GUMPTION
Which is Common Sense without Educational Farbelows.
By L. T. HOVERMALE.

A Political Melange.

Just thirty-one more days now until the primary. A month that will bring with it anxiety to the candidates and concern to the people. These are the days in which the candidates will seek for position and in which will be set afloat the innumerable and inevitable "campaign lie." The "dirty linen" of the candidates will be aired, and fortunate will be the office seeker whose reputation is not blackened. It is a time when the people will have to sit tight and winnow the wheat from the chaff and vote for the best men for all the offices.

Another thing that is being talked of is the appointment of the election officers. It is as important to the democrats that republican election officers be men of good character as the democrats. In fact there would be a greater incentive for them to be crooked than for the democrats, if crookedness were contemplated. This is a democratic county and the republicans would naturally desire the weakest democrats nominated. But all good citizens, democrats and republicans alike, want only a square deal for everybody. The personnel of the election officers should be such that there can be no question made as to the fairness of the count.

So much for that. After today—the last day for filing petitions—we will know who are running in earnest, and for the first time the voters can decide definitely just who they are for. It is the duty of every democrat to select the man for each office who is best fitted for the place and vote for him. Duty to your country is superior to your allegiance to friends. Good citizenship demands that you vote for the best men for the various offices regardless of personal feeling. You can't be patriotic and vote for a man who is not nearly so well qualified, mentally and morally, as his opponent, just because he is your friend, relative or neighbor.

If the next officers of Morgan county are not good ones you will be to blame, and you will be estopped from kicking about it afterwards. The time to register your kick against incompetents and bad officials is at the polls. When you vote for and elect men who are not qualified, or if qualified not moral, you have forfeited the right to criticize their acts, provided you have not been honestly mistaken in your estimate of them. Good citizenship carries with it grave duties, and one of the most important of these duties is to vote for the best men. How many of the voters of Morgan will vote patriotic votes on August 2?

Speaking of politics, my old friend (I don't mean that Sam is old, but that our friendship is) S. S. Cassidy, of Morehead, was in to see us last week. The political part of this is that Sam is a candidate for County Court Clerk of Rowan county, and of course every newspaper man in Kentucky wants to see him succeed. Sam is one of the most gifted writers in Eastern Kentucky, though not now in the editorial harness. Of late years he has been following the more lucrative calling of a civil engineer, and it is needless to say that a man who is first a good newspaper man and next a good civil engineer will make a first-class county clerk, for as a matter of course Sam will win.

Just when political matters are sizzling hot here I had my memory called back fourteen years to another hot time by the presence of Gen. P. Watt Hardin in town. All of us remember the famous Music Hall convention, or at least all of us who participated in it, do, and Gen. Hardin's presence recalls that stirring time. The General is vigorous and hale albeit he is along up in the seventies, and talks with his old time

vigor and clearness. His sense of humor and good nature have kept him from growing old, and he is a fine example of the effect of a sunny disposition upon the longevity of man.

The county candidates, poor fellow, have been buzzing about all the week endeavoring to feel the pulse of the dear public, and the amusing thing about it is that every one of them seems to feel that he will win. Every one of them has been assured by enough voters to make him confident of success. I have an abiding sympathy for the poor fellows, and know from personal experience how many fellows will talk just enough to each of them to leave the impression with all of them that they are for him alone. The people are more to blame for these heated contests than the candidates. If every voter would be honest and frank with all the candidates, telling those whom he is for and those whom he is against the truth, candidates could tell where they are "at."

But there are too many who want to see a race, or who do not have the courage or the disposition to tell the fellow that he is not for him: who talks to all the candidates in such a manner as to lead each to believe that he is an ardent supporter, yet does not say so in direct words. This is wronging the candidate and is stultifying your own manhood. You have a right to be against any candidate, and if he is broad minded enough to creditably discharge the duty of a constable he will have no reason to feel offended at you for being against him. Truth, even in politics, is the best means of maintaining friends, and also of keeping your own self-respect. Don't deceive the candidates. To give them false encouragement, to cause them to lose their time, money and energy in a fruitless canvass is deliberately robbing them. Any sensible man will respect you far more if you tell him the truth, even though you are not for him than to tell him half lie, half truth and leave him in doubt, yet hoping you will support him.

The United States Senatorial situation, so far as anybody can learn of it, is still all for Beckham. Quite a number of citizens from the adjoining counties of Rowan, Wolfe, Magoffin, Breathitt, and from counties more remote, have been in town during the week, and I made especial inquiries from them and the answer is always the same: "Everybody in my county is for Beckham." The question naturally arises, why is McCreary running, anyway? I talked with a man from Madison county, who said that he was for McCreary, but said that the democrats of that county were not enthusiastic for him, and that they recognized the fact that he did not stand a ghost of a chance to win.

Beckham grows stronger as the time rolls on, and while he would have won largely if the primary had been this year, but as it does not take place until next year it will be almost unanimous then. Some months ago I stated in these columns that if the primary for Senator came off this year there would be but one entry in it—Beckham. And I yet make that prediction. In August 1914 there will be but one entry in the race for United States Senator on the democratic ballot. By that time McCreary will have learned, egotistical as he is, that he hasn't the smallest chance of winning, and Owsley Stanley will also have learned the temper of the people and will be busy in trying to cling to the Congressional plum in that district. A year for the people to consider the matter will make Beckham invincible.

The democracy of Kentucky feel that they owe the nomination to Beckham; that he is by odds the brainiest man in the bunch; that he is a man whose word means something; a man who renders to the public true and honest service. The greatest Governor Kentucky has had since the war, he will take into the Senate that splendid ability that made his administration as Governor stand out in bold relief

when compared to the other administrations. The people are omnipotent and they are for Beckham.

SCISSORS and PASTE

With an Occasional Cursory Comment by the Editor.

Who Knows.

"The man who marries for money earns it," observes a contemporary. Assuredly, but does he always get it?—*Courier-Journal*.

By Himself.

The fellow who blows his own horn is always a soloist.—*Berea Citizen*.

Not So Bad.

In our issue of last week the Eagle typeset and run into the paper twenty four feet or eight yards of reading matter in columns. It may not have been interesting but it was almost twice as much any other local paper in the mountains done.—*Mountain Eagle*.

What's in a Name.

Recently while Congressman Owsley Stanley was in Sharpsburg, the guest of his kinsman J. Clyde Nelson, he and the latter sauntered into a soda parlor for cold drinks. Do you serve Bryan highballs was the query put to the young fountain attendant. "Don't know how," was the reply whereupon Mr. Stanley immediately revealed the secret of its concoction and this is what it is: Grape Juice, phosphate, and crushed ice. Effervescent, sharp and refreshing like the great man for whom it is named. The drink has since become quite popular.—*Winchester Democrat*.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having just and provable claims against the estate of the late James A. Laey to present same properly proven before me, the undersigned Executor of said estate, within sixty days after this date; and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to come in and settle same with me without further notice; otherwise they will be turned over to my attorney for such legal proceedings as he may deem proper. June 13, 1913.

H. C. SWANGO, Executor.

Ohio & Kentucky Ry

TIME TABLE, June 1, 1913

EASTWARD

STATIONS	Daily ex	Daily ex
	A. M. Lv. A. M. Lv.	Sunday
Licking River	11 20	7 45
Liberty Road	f	f
Index	11 32	7 57
Malone	11 40	8 03
Wells	f	f
Stacy Fork	f	f
Lewis	f	f
Caney	11 56	8 22
Cannel City	12 00	8 30
Adele	12 35	8 41
Helechawa	12 41	8 47
Lee City	12 47	8 53
Rose Fork	12 54	9 00
Hampton	1 06	9 12
Wilhurst	1 13	9 19
Vaneleve	1 19	9 25
Frozen	1 25	9 30
O & K Junction	1 43	9 45
Jackson	1 50	9 50

P. M. Lv. P. M. Lv. Ar

Daily ex Daily ex

Sunday P. M. Lv. P. M. Lv. Ar

STATIONS	Daily ex	Daily ex	Daily ex
	P. M. Lv. P. M. Lv. Ar	Sunday	Sunday
Licking River	1 15	f	7 40
Liberty Road	f	f	f
Index	1 00	f	7 29
Malone	12 52	f	7 22
Wells	f	f	f
Stacy Fork	f	f	f
Lewis	f	f	f
Caney	12 35	f	7 04
Cannel City	12 30	6 50	7 00
Adele	11 55	6 40	
Helechawa	11 49	6 34	
Lee City	11 43	6 28	
Rose Fork	11 36	6 21	
Hampton	11 24	6 06	
Wilhurst	11 17	5 59	
Vaneleve	11 12	5 53	
Frozen	11 06	5 46	
O & K Junction	10 50	5 29	
Jackson	10 40	5 20	

In addition to the above, Sunday train will leave Jackson at 5:10 p. m., make connection at O. & K. Junction with L. & E. train No. 2, and run to Licking River, arriving there at 7:23 p. m., and will then return to Cannel City, arriving at 8:10 p. m.

M. L. CONLEY, Gen'l Manager.

STRAW VOTE

Who is Your Choice for the Various County Offices?

Believing that the COURIER subscription list contains most of the representative, thoughtful and progressive citizens of Morgan county, and further believing that the weight of their opinion will have much to do in determining who will be the nominees of the primary of next August, the COURIER has decided to conduct a "Straw Election" to obtain the consensus of opinion of our subscribers as to whom should be nominated.

The COURIER has no choice between the aspirants for county nominations. It will be absolutely neutral in these races, treating each with absolute fairness. But in common with all good citizens it hopes that the best men will be selected for all the offices.

RULES OF VOTING.

1. The "Straw Election" will be completed July 5, 1913, at which time all the ballots will be counted, and the result published the following week.
2. Any paid-in-advance yearly subscriber, residing in Morgan county, may cast one ballot for each of the offices to be contended for at the next August primary.
3. Only one vote will be allowed to each subscriber for each yearly subscription, and no ballot will be counted unless signed by the subscriber; but the signature will be detached by us before putting in the ballot box, and in no event will the name of the person voting or for whom he voted be divulged. It is strictly a secret ballot.
4. Only subscribers living in Morgan county may vote but the paper may be sent to any person anywhere.
5. Ballots may be sent in at any time, and as soon as a sufficient number have been received the status of the vote will be published and each week thereafter the number of votes cast for each candidate will be published.

Ballot to be used by yearly subscribers already paid.

1913.

Editor COURIER,
West Liberty, Ky.

Being a paid-in-advance yearly subscriber to the Courier I desire to vote in your "Straw Election. I cast my ballot as follows:

For State Senator.....

For Representative.....

For County Judge.....

For County Attorney.....

For County Clerk.....

For School Supt.....

For Sheriff.....

For Jailor.....

For Assessor.....

For Surveyor.....

For Coroner.....

Signed.....

Ballot to be used by new subscribers and renewals.

1913.

Editor COURIER,
West Liberty, Ky.

Find inclosed \$1.00 for subscription (or renewal of subscription) to the Courier for one year, and send the paper to....., and I vote for:

For State Senator.....

For Representative.....

For County Judge.....

For County Attorney.....

For County Clerk.....

For School Supt.....

For Sheriff.....

For Jailor.....

For Assessor.....

For Surveyor.....

For Coroner.....

Signed.....

Just write the names of the men you favor after the name of the office printed on the above ballot and send it to us.

Address all communications to
THE COURIER,
West Liberty, Ky.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce
CHARLES D. ARNETT,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for State Senator from the 34th Senatorial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
E. E. HOGG,
of Booneville, as a candidate for the nomination for State Senator from the 34th Senatorial District subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
EDWARD F. CECIL,
of Hazel Green, as a candidate for the nomination for Representative from the 1st district, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
G. V. LYKINS,
of Grassy Creek, as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the office of County Judge of Morgan County.

We are authorized to announce
ALEX WHITTAKER,
of Caney, as a candidate for the nomination for County Judge of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
S. S. DENNIS,
of Ezel, as a candidate for the nomination for County Judge of Morgan county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
FRANK KENNAIRD,
of Logville, as a candidate for the nomination for County Attorney of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
S. M. R. HURT,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for County Attorney subject to the action of the Democratic voters at the primary election to be held Aug. 2nd, 1913

We are authorized to announce
HENRY C. ROSE,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for County Attorney of Morgan county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
B. R. KEETON,
of Moon, as a candidate for County Attorney of Morgan county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
O. J. MCKENZIE,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for County Attorney of Morgan County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
JAMES W. DAVIS,
of Ezel, as a candidate for the nomination for Superintendent of Schools of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
C. E. CLARK,
of Maytown, as a candidate for the nomination for Superintendent of Schools of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
T. N. BARKER,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for Superintendent of Schools of Morgan county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
REN F. NICKELL,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for Clerk of the Morgan County Court, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
H. M. DAVIS,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for County Court Clerk of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
S. S. OLDFIELD,
of Index, as a candidate for the nomination for County Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
LEE BARKER,
of Malone, as a candidate for the nomination for County Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
L. A. LYKINS,
of Index, as a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
JAS. M. MCCLAIN,
of Lenox, as a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
H. S. STAMER,
of Sellers, as a candidate for the nomination for Sheriff of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic Primary August 2nd.

We are authorized to announce
W. W. MCCLURE,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for Jailor of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
J. H. ROE,
of Grassy Creek, as a candidate for the nomination of Jailor of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
GEO. W. STACY,
of Grassy Creek, as a candidate for the nomination for Jailor of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
H. C. COMBS,
of West Liberty, as a candidate for the nomination for Jailor of Morgan county subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
JOHN PATRICK
(Assessor John), of Grassy Creek, as a candidate for the nomination for Assessor of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
REV. W. H. LINDON,
of Insko, as a candidate for the nomination for Assessor of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
W. FRENCH MAY,
of Henry, as a candidate for the nomination for Assessor of Morgan County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
T. W. HAMILTON,
of Yocum, as a candidate for the nomination for Assessor of Morgan county, subject to the action of the democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
DAVID N. HANEY,
of Malone, as a candidate for the nomination for Assessor of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
S. D. GOODWIN,
of Ezel, as a candidate for Assessor of Morgan county, subject to the action of the Democratic primary.

DEPUTIES:
J. R. Romans, Elamton; Reuben Allington, Pump; Alex Vance, White Oak, and R. H. Ferguson, Dingus.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

Circuit Court: On Fourth Monday in June, and Third Monday in March and November.

J. H. Hannan, Judge; John M. Waugh, Commonwealth Attorney; R. M. Oakley, Clerk; G. W. Phillips, Trustee of Jury Fund; S. R. Collier, Master Commissioner; J. D. Lykins, Deputy Master Commissioner.

County Court: On Second Monday in each month.

Quarterly Court: On Tuesday after Second Monday in each month.

Fiscal Court: On Wednesday after Fourth Monday in April and October.

I. C. FERGUSON, Presiding Judge.

Magistrate's Court.

First District—W. G. Short, First Monday in each month.

Second District—S. S. Dennis, Tuesday after First Monday in each month.

Third District—Eli W. Day, Wednesday after First Monday in each month.

Fourth District—Charles Prater, Friday after First Monday in each month.

Fifth District—J. S. McGuire, Wednesday after Second Monday in each month.

Sixth District—J. E. Lewis, Friday after Second Monday in each month.

Seventh District—A. F. Blevins, Thursday after Second Monday in each month.

Eighth District—Franklin Walcott, Thursday after First Monday in each month.

County Officers.

Judge—I. C. Ferguson.

Attorney—J. P. Haney.

Sheriff—Frank Kennaard.

Treasurer—W. M. Gardner.

Clerk—J. H. Sebastian.

Supt. Schools—T. N. Barker.

Jailor—H. C. Combs.

Assessor—Whitt Kennaard.

Coroner—C. P. Lykins.

Surveyor—M. P. Turner.

Fish and Game Warden—Jno. M. Perry.

The County Board of Education for Morgan county holds its regular meeting the Second Monday in each month.

Colds

should be "nipped in the bud", for if allowed to run unchecked, serious results may follow. Numerous cases of consumption, pneumonia, and other fatal diseases, can be traced back to a cold. At the first sign of a cold, protect yourself by thoroughly cleansing your system with a few doses of

THE DRAUGHT

the old reliable, vegetable liver powder.

Mr. Chas. A. Ragland, of Madison Heights, Va., says: "I have been using Theodford's Black-Draught for stomach troubles, indigestion, and colds, and find it to be the very best medicine I ever used. It makes an old man feel like a young one." Insist on Theodford's, the original and genuine. E-67

Are You a Woman?

Take Cardui

The Woman's Tonic

FOR SALE AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

For fullness resulting from constipation use Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

